

When Do Children and Teens Need Vaccinations?

Age	HepB Hepatitis B	RSV- mAb	DTaP/Tdap Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough)	Hib <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b	IPV Polio	PCV Pneumo- coccal conjugate	RV Rotavirus	MMR Measles, mumps, rubella	Vari- cella Chickenpox	HepA Hepatitis A	COVID-19	Dengue	HPV Human papillomavirus	Men- ACWY	MenB	Influenza Flu						
at Birth	✓	✓ ² (0–7 mos)																				
2 months	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓															
4 months	✓ ¹		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓															
6 months	✓	(6–18 mos)	✓	✓ ¹	✓ (6–18 mos)	✓	✓ ¹				✓ ⁴ COVID-19 vaccine is recommended for everyone age 6 months and older					✓ (6 mos and older)						
8 months																						
12 months			✓ ² (8–19 mos)	✓ ³ (15–18 mos)	✓ (12–15 mos)	✓ (12–15 mos)	✓ (12–15 mos)	✓ (12–15 mos)	✓✓ (2 doses given 6 months apart routinely at age 12–23 months) HepA vaccine (2 doses) is also recommended for children and teens not previously vaccinated								One dose each fall or winter. Some children younger than age 9 years need 2 doses; ask your child’s healthcare provider if your child needs more than 1 dose.					
15 months																						
18 months																						
19–23 months																						
4–6 years			✓		✓			✓		✓								Influenza vaccine is recommen- ed every year for everyone age 6 months and older				
7–10 years																						
11–12 years			✓ (Tdap)										✓✓✓ ⁵ Dengue vaccine is recommended for certain children	✓✓ ^{6,7}	✓							
13–15 years																						
16–18 years															✓	✓✓ 8,9,10						

One dose each fall or winter. Some children younger than age 9 years need 2 doses; ask your child's healthcare provider if your child needs more than 1 dose.

NOTES 1 Your child may not need this dose depending on the brand of vaccine that your healthcare provider uses.

2 Infants whose mother did not receive an RSV vaccination during pregnancy and who are younger than 8 months 0 days should receive RSV preventive antibody (RSV-mAb) before or during the RSV season (typically October through March). Certain high-risk children (8 through 19 months) will need RSV-mAb before their second RSV season.

3 This dose of DTaP may be given as early as age 12 months if it has been 6 months since the previous dose.

4 Children age 5 years or older generally need only one dose. The number of doses for children age 6 months through 4 years is determined by the vaccine brand.

5 Children ages 9 through 16 years who live in Puerto Rico, American Samoa, U.S. Virgin Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Republic of Marshall Islands, and the Republic of Palau, and have lab-confirmed previous dengue infection are recommended to receive a 3-dose series of dengue vaccine.

6 HPV vaccine is routine at age 11 or 12 years but may be started at age 9.

7 Children with certain medical conditions will need a third dose.

8 This vaccine may be given to healthy teens. It is also recommended for adolescents with certain health conditions.

9 Your teen may need an additional dose depending on your healthcare provider's recommendation.

10 When MenACWY and MenB vaccines are both needed, a MenABCWY combination vaccine may be used.

